1A present simple verb $be \pm$, subject pronouns

+ = positive form	🕥 1.	4
full form	contraction	
l am a student.	l'm a student.	
You are my partner.	You're my partner.	
He is Matt.	He's Matt.	
She is Sally.	She's Sally.	
It is a salsa class.	It's a salsa class.	
We are students.	We're students.	
You are partners.	You're partners.	
They are teachers.	They're teachers.	

- In contractions ' = a missing letter, e.g. 'm = am.
- We use contractions in conversation and in informal writing, e.g. an email to a friend.
- We always use a subject pronoun (you, he, etc.) with a verb.
 It's a school. NOT Is a school.

They're teachers. NOT Are teachers.

- We always use capital *I*. With other pronouns we only use a capital letter when it's the first word in a sentence. *He's Ben and I'm Sally*. NOT *i'm Sally*.
- you = singular and plural.
- We use *he* for a man, *she* for a woman, and *it* for a thing.
- We use they for people and things.

1B present simple verb be — and ?

I'm not American.		1.24
She isn't from Londo	n.	
They aren't Spanish.		
'Are you Polish?'	'Yes, I am.'	
'Is she Russian?'	'No, she isn't.'	
'Are we in class 2?'	'No, we aren't.'	

- = negative form

full form	contraction	
l am not You are not He / She / It is not We are not You are not They are not	l'm not You aren't He / She / It isn't We aren't You aren't They aren't	Italian. Spanish. British.

? = question	form		oositive short answer	X =	negative short answer
Am l Are you Is he / she / it Are we Are you Are they	Brazilian? Turkish? Czech?	Yes,	l am. you are. he / she / it is. we are. you are. they are.	No,	l'm not. you aren't. he / she / it isn't. we aren't. you aren't. they aren't.

- In questions we put am, are, is <u>before</u> I, you, he, etc.
 Are you Brazilian? NOT You are Brazilian?
 Where are you from? NOT Where you are from?
- We don't use contractions in positive short answers. 'Are you Turkish?' 'Yes, I am.' NOT 'Yes, I'm.'
- We put not after the verb be to make negatives
 I'm not Italian.
- We can also contract are not and is not like this: You're not Italian. She's not Spanish.

1C possessive adjectives

I'm Italian.

You're in Class 1. He's the director. She's your teacher. It's a language school. We're an international school.

They're French students.

My family are from Rome. This is your classroom. 1.43

His name is Michael.

Her name is Tina.

Its name is English House.

Our students are from Europe and Asia.

Their names are Luc and Marie.

- We use possessive adjectives for people and things.
 My family are from Italy. My car is German.
- *his* = of a man, *her* = of a woman, *its* = of a thing.

• their = of people or things.

Possessive adjectives don't change with plural nouns.
 our students NOT ours students

it's or its?

Be careful with it's and its. it's = it is It's a school. It's Spanish. its = possessive Its name is English House. Its flag is red and yellow.

1A

С	omplete w	ith am, is, or are.	b	Write the sentences with cor	ntractio	ns.	
	l <u>am</u> Mike			He is late. <u>He's la</u>	ate.		
1	We	from Córdoba.		1 It is Friday.			
2	Не	early.		2 They are at school.			
3	They	teachers.		3 I am very well.			
4	Today	Wednesday.		4 You are in my class.			
5	1	_ sorry.				(I The second se	
6	lt	a hotel.	с	Write the sentences with a sul	bject pr	onoun (I, They,	etc.) and a contraction
7	You	in room 402.		Mike and Hannah are studer	nts.	They're	students.
8	She	a student.		1 John is in room 5.			in room 5.
		Carla.		2 Sam and I are friends.			friends.
]	in a taxi.		3 Julia is a teacher.		<u>, n. n. l. 1 - e</u>	a teacher.
				4 The school is in Brighton.			in Brighton.
				5 Nico and Fernanda are in my	y class		in my class.
							G p.

1B

She's Australian.	She isn't Australian.
1 I'm British.	
2 They're Brazilian.	
3 It's in South Americ	a
4 You're French.	
Make questions and	
/ you English?	a short answers. <u>Are you English?</u> ✓ <u>Yes, I am.</u> ✓
/ you English? 1 / I in room 10?	
/ you English? 1 / I in room 10? 2 / it Spanish?	Are you English? ✓ Yes, I am. ✓ ✓ ✓ ×
/ you English? 1 / I in room 10?	<u>Are you English?</u> ✓ <u>Yes, I am.</u> ✓ ✗

- c Complete the conversation. Use contractions, e.g. 'm, 's, if possible.
 - A Hi. I'm_ Mark.
 - B Hello Mark. My name ¹_____ Maria.
 - A ²_____ you Spanish, Maria?
 - B No. 1³_____ not. 1⁴_____ from Mexico.
 - A ⁵_____ you from Mexico City?
 - B No. I ⁶_____ from Tijuana.
 - A ⁷_____ Tijuana near Mexico City?
 - B No, it ⁸_____. It ⁹_____ in the north.
 - A ¹⁰_____ you in class 1?
 - **B** No. I ¹¹_____ in class 2.

1C

a Complete the sentences with a possessive adjective.

My_ name's Gloria. I'm from Brazil.

- 1 The students are from Italy. _____ names are Susanna and Tito.
- 2 She's in my class. _____ name is Rebecca.
- 3 We're in class 2. ______ teacher is Richard.
- 4 London is famous for _____ red buses.
- 5 How do you spell _____ surname?
- 6 This is my teacher. _____ name is John.
- 7 I'm from London. _____ address is 31, Old Kent Road.
- 8 Sit down and open _____ books, please.
- 9 Laura is in my class. _____ desk is near the window.
- 10 We're from Liverpool. ______ surname is Connor.

b Circle the correct word.

Mark and Simon are friends. They/ Their are in class 2.

- 1 She's a new student. She / Her name's Ipek.
- 2 Is they / their teacher British?
- 3 My name's Soraya. I'm in you / your class.
- 4 Is she / her German?
- 5 Peter is a teacher. He / His is from Ireland.
- 6 What's he / his name?
- 7 Where are you / your friends from?
- 8 We're French. We / Our names are Marc and Jacques.
- 9 I'm Karen. I / My surname is White.
- 10 She / Her is from Barcelona.



G p.9